**#38: Isaiah 40–49** "Go ye forth of Babylon" Monte F. Shelley, 24 Oct 2010

#### Quotes

- That which does not kill me makes me even crabbier. (Maxine)
- Our kindness may be the most persuasive argument for that which we believe. (Gordon B. Hinckley)

#### 1. Gospel Doctrine Lessons

Old Testament		Book of Mormon		
#36	Isa 1-6	#9	Isa 2-14	2 Ne 12-24
#37	Isa 22, 24-26, 28-30		Isa 28-29	parts
#38	Isa 40-49	#5-xtra	Isa 48-49	1 Ne 20-21
#39	Isa 50-53	#18	Isa 53	Mos 14
#40	Isa 54–56; 63–65	#41	Isa 54	3 Ne 22
41/(61) $(10)$				

# 41/66 Isaiah chapters in 9 OT (33) or BofM (+8) lesson outlines

2. Kings of Judah and Israel (Adapted from BD and OT-I.)			
Kings of Judah		Kings of Israel	
Ahaz*	735–715 вс	Hoshea	732–722 вс
Hezekiah	715–686 вс	721 Ten Tribes ta	ken captive
Manasseh*	697–642 вс		
Amon	642-640 вс		
Josiah	640-609 вс		
Jehoahaz	609 bc	Naharaha dua	(05 5(2 pg
Jehoiakim/Eliakim	609–598 вс	Nebuchadnezzar, <b>Daniel, Ezekiel</b>	
Jehoiachin	598–597 вс	Lehi leaves Jerus	2
Zedekiah/Mattaniah	597–586 вс	Cyrus captured Ba	bylon, 539 BC
Leaders, rich, skille	ed to Babylon	Cyrus let Jews re	turn, 538 BC
*Ioint rule: Isaiah [740–701 BC]			

\*Joint rule; Isaiah [740–701 BC]

#### 3. Outline of Isaiah

Chap	Overview	Isaiah	Book of Mormon
1–39	Book of Judgment (Curses)	$1^{st}$	2-14*
40-66	<b>Book of Comfort (Blessings)</b>	$2^{nd}$	48–49, 53, 54*
56-66	_	$2^{nd}/3^{rd}$	

\* Also parts or paraphrases of 40, 44, 45, 51, 52, 55

"Modern scholars ... have developed a theory that the two parts of Isaiah were written by two different authors who lived at different time periods and wrote to different audiences. According to this theory, the author of Isaiah 1–39 is called First Isaiah, who lived in the eighth century; the author of Isaiah 40–66 is called Second Isaiah, who is supposed to have lived shortly after Cyrus allowed the Judahites to return to their land in [538 BC]. Some scholars postulate an even later Third Isaiah, who authored chapters 56-66, which addresses a community living with the restored temple. Because many scholars do not believe that prophets could see the future in such detail as, for example, to know the name of Cyrus, they deduce that the writer of such a prophecy lived after the fact. Besides rejecting prophecy and recognizing the discernable shift in audience in Isaiah 40 onwards, scholars further base this argument on differences between themes, style, and vocabulary in the two or three main sections of text. Latter-day Saints generally reject this theory of multiple Isaianic authorship because chapters from both halves of Isaiah appear in the Book of Mormon, which means that these chapters were already recorded on the brass plates by 600 BC. ... In addition, Latter-day Saints believe that prophets could, and did, see and foretell the future. ... The book of Isaiah is a collection of prophecies with no indication of who organized them or when. Latter-day Saints are comfortable with the idea of editors assembling, arranging, and commenting on books of scripture, as in the Book of Mormon." (JWOT 295)

### 4. Other Outlines of Isaiah

Chap	Overview (Seely)
1–9	Apostasy
10-34	Judgment
35–59	Restoration
60–66	Salvation

Parallel Chapters		Overview (Seely)	
1–5	34–35	1. Ruin and Rebirth	
6–8	36–40	2. Rebellion and Compliance	
9-12	41–46:13b	3. Punishment and Deliverance	
13-23	46:13c-47:15	4. Humiliation and Exaltation	
24-27	48–54	5. Suffering and Salvation	
28-31	55–59	6. Disloyalty and Loyalty	
32-33	60–66	7. Disinheritance and Inheritance	

<b>Overview</b> (Airheads 34–35)
Israel will be scattered, repent, and God will gather them
Punishments of God will come upon wicked nations
Christ will overcome death; gather faithful in last days
Christ will judge world; Israel will be gathered to Zion
Story of how Lord saved Jerusalem from Assyrians
Jesus Christ only is the Lord and no Savior beside him
Christ will redeem and gather his people in last days.

Chap	<b>Overview</b> (NIV Study Bible 1032)
1–6	Messages of rebuke and promise
7–12	Prophecies: Aramean/Israelite threat against Judah
13–23	Judgment against the nations
24–27	Judgment and promise (the Lord's kingdom)
28–33	6 woes: 5 on unfaithful in Israel and 1 on Assyria
34–35	More prophecies of judgment and promise
36–39	Transition from Assyrian threat to Babylonian exile
40–48	Deliverance and restoration of Israel
49–57	Servant's ministry and Israel's restoration
58–66	Everlasting deliverance and everlasting judgment

5. Types (Seely)

Spiritual Level	Characteristics	
The God of Israel	King of Zion	
Seraphim	God's Angelic Messengers	
Sons and Daughters	God's Sons/Servants, proxy deliverers	
Zion/Jerusalem	God's Covenant People	
Jacob/Israel	Believers in a Creator-God	
Babylon	Rebels and Worshipers of Idols	
King of Assyria/Babylon	Archtyrant, Candidate for Perdition	

BDB **Babel/Babylon** (Assyrian= gate of God; Gen 11:9 connects Babel with Hebrew *bll*= confuse or compound)

Isaiah depictions of Assyria and Egypt include historical and nonhistorical events  $\rightarrow$  types for future not just past.

Assyria: political invader and world conqueror;

Egypt: source or protection against Assyria

Babylon: spiritual chaos or apostasy

Zion/Jerusalem: spiritual righteousness (Gileadi trans, 194–5)

Isaiah consistently uses episodes out of Israel's past as types upon which to frame prophecies of the future. Having seen the end from the beginning in a great cosmic vision, he was able to view both Israel's ancient history (particularly his own day) and also the last days, the time of the end. He thus carefully frames his words in such a way as to capture both time periods in a single prophecy. (Seely-Literary)

## 6. Multiple Fulfillments

"All things that [Isaiah] spake have been and shall be" (3 Ne 23:3). "I would speak ... concerning things which are, and which are to come; wherefore, I will read you the words of Isaiah." (2 Ne 6:4). "Many prophetic utterances have dual or multiple instances of fulfillment" (Elder McConkie). SIGN TO AHAZ: IMMANUEL PROPHECY (2 Ne 17; Isa 7; P-Isa; P-PP) <sup>A 10</sup> Moreover, the *LORD* spake <sup>B</sup> again unto <u>Ahaz</u>, saying: <sup>11</sup> <u>Ask</u> there a sign of the LORD thy God; <sup>C</sup> <u>ask</u> it either in the depths, or in the heights above. <sup>B 12</sup> But Ahaz said: <sup>A</sup>I will not ask, neither will I [test] the LORD. <sup>13</sup> And [Isaiah] said: Hear ye now, O house of David; is it a small thing for you to [try the patience of] men, but will ye [try the patience of] my God also? <sup>14</sup> Therefore, the LORD himself shall give you a sign— Behold, [the] virgin shall conceive, virgin= physically untouched OR pure and undefiled; (lives law of chastity) (P-Isa) SOED virgin (1) an unmarried or chaste maiden or woman BMRC Heb: a virgin or a young maiden of childbearing age and {shall} bear a son, Son = many of Christ's titles include son and shall call his name Immanuel [HEB With us is God] <sup>15</sup> **Butter** and **honey** shall he eat, [basic food of poor and farmers] <sup>a</sup> that *he may know to refuse the evil* 

<sup>b</sup> and {to} <u>choose the good</u>.

<sup>16</sup> <sup>a</sup> For before the *child shall know to refuse the evil* <sup>b</sup> and choose the good, Age 8 (P-Isa) or 12–13 (NIV)

the land that thou abhorrest shall be forsaken of both her kings. Kings of Syria and Israel

<sup>17</sup> The LORD shall bring upon thee, and upon thy people, and upon *thy father's house*, days that have not come from the day that Ephraim departed from Judah, <sup>[NIV —he will bring]</sup> the king of Assyria.

Immanuel	Prophecy	1 <sup>st</sup> Fulfillment	Later Fulfillment
2 Ne 7; Isa 7:14–17		2 Ne 18; Isa 8:3	<mark>Mt 1:21</mark> ; 2 Ne 19; Isa 9:6
Mother	Virgin	Prophetess	She (Mary)
Conception	Shall	She conceived	Shall bring forth
Conception	conceive		
A son is	Shall bear	Bare a son	A son (1:21); a child is
born	a son		born, a son is given (9:6)
	Call his	Call his name,	Call his name Jesus
	name	Maher-shalal-	[God is help or Savior];
Ritual	Immanuel	hash-baz	his name shall be called,
	[HEB God	[HEB to speed,	Wonderful Counselor,
naming	is with us]	spoil, hasten,	The Mighty God,
		plunder]	The Everlasting Father,
			The Prince of Peace.

First fulfillment (2 Ne 18; Isa 8)

<sup>3</sup> And I went unto the prophetess <sup>IE his wife</sup>; and she conceived and bare a son. Then said the Lord to me: Call his name, Maher-Four part prophetic name like Christ shalal-hash-baz. <sup>4</sup> For {behold}, the child shall {not} have knowledge to cry, My father, and my mother, [about two years old]

before the riches of Damascus and the spoil of Samaria shall be taken away before the king of Assyria. [734–732 BC.]

Jeffrey R. Holland: "There are plural or parallel elements to this prophecy, as with so much of Isaiah's writing. The most

immediate meaning was probably focused on Isaiah's wife, a pure and good woman who brought forth a son about this time, the child becoming a type and shadow of the greater, latter fulfillment of the prophecy that would be realized in the birth of Jesus Christ. The symbolism in the dual prophecy acquires additional importance when we realize that Isaiah's wife may have been of royal blood as was Isaiah, and therefore her son would have been royalty of the line of David. Here again is a type, a prefiguration of the greater Immanuel, Jesus Christ, the ultimate son of David, the royal King who would be born of a literal virgin. Indeed, his title Immanuel would be carried forward to the latter days, being applied to the Savior in [D&C 128:22]." (Christ and the New Covenant, 79: Airheads, 110)

7. Isaiah's prophecy of Babylonian captivity (Isa 39) After Hezekiah recovered from his illness, Babylonians visited him and Hezekiah showed them all of his treasures. Later, Isaiah said to Hezekiah: "the days come, that all that is in thine house ... shall be carried to Babylon. ... <sup>7</sup> And ... thy sons ... shall be eunuchs in the palace of the king of Babylon." [fulfilled 598 BC]

## 8. The Lord's message of comfort (Isa 40)

 $\{\} = 2 \text{ Nephi and/or JST; } = alternate translation; <math>\leq NIV$ Comfort ye ... my people, saith your God.<sup>2</sup> Speak ye <tenderly> to Jerusalem, and cry unto her, that her <hard service has been completed, that her sin has been paid for>....

Anchor Bible: 'that her sentence is served, her penalty is paid.'

<sup>3</sup> The voice of him that crieth in the wilderness, Prepare ye the way of the LORD, make straight [or smooth BDB] in the <wilderness> a highway for our God. ...

Multiple fulfillments: John the Baptist (early and restoration, Lk 3:4-5), Joseph Smith (Doctrines of Salvation, 1:193-195), priesthood leaders and missionaries (D&C 33:10), Angelic messengers (D&C 128:20), and the Lord's Spirit (D&C 88:66).

make straight in the desert a highway for our God: "prepare the way of the Lord,' or prepare for the Second Coming by making the Saint's path back to God's presence level or smooth (that is, remove all obstacles out of the way so that others can be obedient to the laws and ordinances of the gospel)." (P-Isa)

And the glory of the LORD shall be revealed, and all flesh shall see *it* together: for the mouth of the LORD hath spoken *it*....

There shall appear a great sign in heaven, and all people shall see it together... the curtain of heaven [shall] be unfolded, as a scroll is unfolded after it is rolled up, and the face of the Lord shall be unveiled. (D&C 88:93-95)

"For as the lightning cometh out of the east, and shineth even unto the west; so shall also the coming of the Son of man be" (Matt 24:27).

Behold, the Lord GOD will come with strong hand, and his arm shall rule for him: behold, his reward is with him. ...

## Hand/arm = power

Reward= judgment

<sup>11</sup> <u>He shall *feed* his flock like a shepherd:</u>

he shall gather the lambs with his arm,

and carry them in his bosom,

and shall gently lead those that are with young. ...

#### BDB "giving suck"

<sup>29</sup> He giveth power to the faint;

and to them that have no might he increaseth strength. ...

<sup>31</sup> They that \*<u>wait</u> upon <u>the LORD shall renew *their* strength;</u> they shall mount up with wings as eagles; \* HEB *hope for* they shall <u>run</u>, and not be weary;

and they shall walk, and not faint.

**Word of Wisdom**: "shall run and not be weary, and shall walk and not faint." (D&C 89:20)

This might be another way of saying endure to the end. A SPIRITUAL OR PHYSICAL BLESSING?

## 9. Israel is the Lord's servant (Isa 41)

<sup>10</sup> Fear thou not; for I *am* with thee: be not dismayed; for I *am* thy God: <u>I will strengthen thee</u>; yea, I will help thee; yea, I will uphold thee with the right hand of my righteousness. <sup>11</sup> Behold, ... they that strive with thee shall perish. <sup>12</sup> ... They that war against thee shall be as nothing. ... <sup>13</sup> For I the LORD thy God will hold thy right hand, saying unto thee, Fear not; I will help thee.

*Right hand* = covenant hand

<sup>14</sup> Fear not, ... ye men of Israel; I will help thee, saith the LORD, and <u>thy redeemer</u>, the Holy One of Israel. ...

Redeemer  $\rightarrow$  kinsman-redeemer: family protector and responsible for obligations of relatives like Boaz did for Ruth.

<sup>17</sup> When the <u>poor and needy seek water</u>, ... I the LORD ... will not forsake them. <sup>18</sup> I will <u>open rivers in high places</u>, and fountains in the midst of the valleys: I will make the wilderness a pool of water, and the dry land springs of water.

Utah, Idaho water. "I give waters in the wilderness, *and* rivers in the desert, to give drink to my people, my chosen." (43:20)

### 10. Prophecy of Christ's mission and ministry (Isa 42)

Behold my servant, whom I uphold;

mine elect, *in whom* my soul delighteth;

I have put my spirit upon him:

he shall bring forth <justice> to the Gentiles. ...

<sup>4</sup> He shall not fail nor be discouraged,

till he have set judgment in the earth:

<In his law> the isles <will put their hope.> ...

<sup>6</sup> I the LORD have called thee ... for a covenant of the people, for a light of the Gentiles;

<sup>7</sup> To open the blind eyes,

to bring out the prisoners from the prison,

**11. Prophecy of redemption** (lsa 43)

Thus saith the LORD ... O Israel, Fear not: for <u>I have redeemed</u> thee, ...

Redeemed like Boaz did Ruth and through covenant she was his

<sup>2</sup> When thou passest through the waters, I *will be* with thee; and through the rivers, they shall not overflow thee: ...

[Moses led people across Red Sea; Joshua crossed Jordan]

<sup>3</sup> For I *am* the LORD thy God, the Holy One of Israel, thy <u>Saviour</u>: ... <sup>5</sup> Fear not: for I *am* with thee: I will ... <u>gather thee from the</u> <u>west</u>, (east, north, and south). ... <sup>7</sup> *Even* <u>every one that is called by</u> <u>my name</u>. ...

Gather from the four corners (east, west, north, south)

5-7 Even though Judah was to be taken captive by Babylon, Judah and Israel would be gathered together once again.

<sup>10</sup> <u>Ye are my witnesses</u>, saith the LORD, and my servant whom I have chosen: that ye may know ... and understand that ... <sup>11</sup> <u>I, am</u> the LORD; and beside me *there is* no saviour. ...

<sup>22</sup> But thou hast not called upon me, O Jacob;

but thou hast been weary of me, O Israel. ...

<sup>26</sup> <u>Put me in remembrance</u>. ... [sacrament prayers]

Did not pray, stopped keeping commandments/covenants; ALSO stopped doing temple ordinances

Sacrament promise to always remember him.

### 12. Israel receives many blessings in last days (Isa 44)

Yet now hear,... Israel, whom I have chosen: ...<sup>2</sup> Fear not, O Jacob, my servant; ...<sup>3</sup> For I will <u>pour water</u> upon him that is thirsty, ... I will <u>pour my spirit</u> upon thy seed, and my blessing upon thine offspring: ...

Gave water in Exodus; Spiritual living water

 $^{22}$  I have blotted out, as a thick cloud, thy transgressions, ... return unto me; for I have redeemed thee. ...

 $^{24}$  I *am* the LORD ...  $^{28}$  That saith of <u>Cyrus</u>, *He is* my shepherd, and <u>shall perform all my pleasure</u>: even saying to Jerusalem, Thou shalt be built; and to the temple, Thy foundation shall be laid.

[Shepherd was a common title for kings]

Cyrus released the Jews from bondage, allowing them to return to their promised land and restore the temple which the Babylonians had destroyed. Isaiah likened Cyrus to the promised Messiah who would release the captives of spiritual Babylon: (ldsmag.com, #38)

### 13. Cyrus is a type of Christ (Isa 45)

<sup>1</sup> Thus saith the LORD to <u>his anointed</u>, to <u>Cyrus</u>, whose <u>right hand</u> I have [strengthened], to subdue nations before him; and I will <strip kings of their armor>, to open before him the two leaved gates; and the gates shall not be shut;

Kings of Israel known as "the anointed of Jehovah"; anointed with oil at coronation

[*Right hand*  $\rightarrow$  friendship, acceptance, guidance, protection]

*Loose the loins*  $\rightarrow$  strip of weapons

two leaved gates  $\rightarrow$  double doors to city that grant/bar entrance

Cyrus, a Persian warlord, defeated the Babylonian king and took the throne for himself. Cyrus released the Jews from bondage, allowing them to return to their promised land and restore the temple which the Babylonians had destroyed.

<sup>2</sup> <u>I will go before thee</u>, and <u>make the crooked places straight</u>: I will <u>break in pieces the gates of brass</u>, and cut [asunder] the bars of iron: ... <sup>4</sup> For ... Israel mine elect, I have even called thee by thy name: ... <sup>5</sup> <u>I girded thee</u>, though thou hast not known me: ...

# Girded $\rightarrow$ equipped to win battle

As the Lord prepared the way for Cyrus to conquer Babylon, he will prepare the way for us to come to Zion.

#### *Bars of iron* $\rightarrow$ secure gates

<sup>7</sup> I form the light, and create darkness:

<I bring prosperity and create disaster>: . ...

<sup>13</sup> <u>I have raised him up</u> in righteousness, and I will direct all his ways: <u>he shall build my city</u>, and <u>he shall let go my captives</u>, not for price nor reward. ...

 $^{22}$  Look unto me, and be ye saved, all the ends of the earth: for I *am* God, and *there is* none else.  $^{23}$  I have sworn by myself, ... That unto me <u>every knee shall bow, every tongue shall swear</u>. ...  $^{25}$  In the LORD shall <u>all the seed of Israel</u> be justified, and shall glory.

## 14. Gods of Babylon have no power (Isa 46)

<sup>1</sup> <u>Bel</u> boweth down, <u>Nebo</u> stoopeth, their idols were upon the beasts ... your carriages ... *are* a burden to the weary *beast*. ...

## [**Bel** (~Baal)= Marduk, chief god of Babylon; **Nebo**/Nebu = Marduk's son & god of learning; Idols were carried by makers]

<sup>3</sup> Hearken unto me, O house of Jacob, … <sup>4</sup> <u>I will carry, and will deliver you</u>. <sup>5</sup> To whom will ye … compare me, that we may be like? <sup>6</sup> They lavish gold out of the bag, … *and* hire a goldsmith; and he maketh it a god: they fall down, yea, they worship. <sup>7</sup> They … carry him, and set him in his place, and … from his place shall he not remove: yea, *one* shall cry unto him, yet can he not answer, nor save him out of his trouble. … <sup>9</sup> Remember the former things of old: for I *am* God, and *there is* none else; *I am* God, and *there is* none like me, <sup>10</sup> Declaring the end from the beginning, and from ancient times *the things* that are not *yet* done, saying, My counsel shall stand, and I will do all my pleasure:

# 15. Babylon shall be destroyed (Isa 47)

<sup>1</sup>O ... <u>daughter of Babylon</u> ... <sup>8</sup>*Thou that art* given to pleasures, <lounging in your security>, that <u>sayest in thine heart</u>, I *am*, and <there is> none else beside me; ... <sup>10</sup> For <u>thou hast trusted in thy</u> <u>wickedness</u>: ... <sup>11</sup> Therefore shall <disaster> come upon thee ... suddenly. ... <sup>13</sup> Let now the <u>astrologers</u>, the <u>stargazers</u>, the <u>monthly prognosticators</u>, stand up, and save thee. ... <sup>14</sup> Behold, they shall be as stubble; the <u>fire shall burn them</u>. ...

#### **16.** The LORD deals with covenant people (Isa 48; 1 Ne 20) Isaiah 48 is the first chapter of Isaiah Nephi reads to his people to "persuade them to believe in the Lord their Redeemer" that they "may have hope" like the Jews in Jerusalem (1 Ne 19:24). "To survive spiritually, they need to know that they are not forgotten by the Lord and, that although they are alone, they are still a part of covenant Israel and that the Lord will keep his promises to them as they are faithful to Him." (*Airheads* 38)

Every verse in the Book of Mormon reads differently from the way it reads in the King James text, and many of the differences are significant. (OT-I)

Hear ... O house of Jacob, {who} are called by the name of Israel, and are come forth <u>out of the waters of Judah</u> {or out of the waters of baptism}, {who} swear by the name of the LORD, ... {yet they swear} not in truth, nor in righteousness.

# Lord is talking to his covenant people then and now

[Swear  $\rightarrow$  make oaths and covenants]

<sup>2</sup> {Nevertheless,} they call themselves of the holy city, {but they do not} <rely upon> upon the God of Israel; ...

*Holy city*  $\rightarrow$  Consider selves to be God's people

<sup>3</sup> I have declared the <u>former things</u> from the beginning; ... Deliverance from Egypt under Moses

<sup>4</sup> {And I did it} because I knew that thou *art* obstinate, and thy neck *is* an iron sinew, and thy brow brass; ...

[*Iron sinew*  $\rightarrow$  will not bow before the Lord; *Brow brass*  $\rightarrow$  will not give mind/thoughts to the Lord]

<sup>5</sup> Before it came to pass I {showed them} thee: {and I showed them for fear} lest thou shouldest say, Mine idol hath done them. ...

<sup>9</sup> {Nevertheless,} For my name's sake will I <u>defer mine anger</u>, ... that I cut thee not off. <sup>10</sup> {For} behold, I have refined thee, <sup>{</sup>};

I have chosen thee in the furnace of affliction.

Furnace makes *iron* neck and *brass* brow pliable. {v. 4}

# Furnace $\rightarrow$ Servitude in Egypt, Missouri/Nauvoo, etc. Group and personal afflictions

**Neal A. Maxwell**: "The Lord has said, 'I have chosen thee in the furnace of affliction.' (Isa 48:10; 1 Ne 20:10) He knows, being omniscient, how we will cope with affliction beforehand. But we do not know this. We need, therefore, the refining that God gives to us, though we do not seek or crave such tribulation." (*All These Things Shall Give Thee Experience*, 38)

**Joseph**: We know not what we shall be called to pass through before Zion is delivered and established; therefore, we have great need to live near to God, and always to be in strict obedience to all His commandments, that we may have a conscience void of offense toward God and man. (HC 1:450)

<sup>17</sup> {And} thus saith the LORD, thy Redeemer,... {who} teacheth thee to profit, {who} <u>leadeth thee by the way () thou shouldest go</u>, <u>{hath done it}</u>.

## Rabbi = teacher; Jesus was called rabbi

<sup>18</sup> O that thou hadst hearkened to my commandments! then had thy <u>peace</u> been as a river, and thy <u>righteousness</u> as the waves of the sea: <sup>19</sup> Thy seed also had been as the sand, ...

 $^{20}$  <u>Go ye forth of Babylon</u>, flee ye from the Chaldeans, ...  $^{22}$  <u>There</u> <u>is no peace</u>, saith the LORD, <u>unto the wicked</u>.

Babylon → reject God; focus on natural man desires Chaldeans → the learned people

17. The Lord's servant will gather Israel (Isa 49; 1 Ne 21) 'Isaiah 49 is a most remarkable prophecy, one intended by the spirit of revelation to embrace multiple fulfillments. The Book of Mormon version of the prophecy (1 Ne. 21), which contains significant textual restorations, greatly enhances our understanding of Isaiah's message and the workings of the spirit of prophecy. The text is a marvelous messianic prophecy, as well as a detailed description of Joseph Smith and the Story of the latter-day restoration... Since Nephi lived a considerable time before the coming of Christ, it was appropriate that he view this prophecy primarily as it applied to the coming of the Savior. Since we live a considerable time after Christ's mortal ministry, it is appropriate that we see this prophecy primarily as it applies to events of our day. Isaiah's detailed knowledge of the latter-day restoration, the role of Joseph Smith, and the coming forth of the Book of Mormon, sustain this conclusion. The word of God is most durable. We will here interpret the prophecy as it applies to the Prophet Joseph Smith, for such was the pattern of our Lord in the interpretation of Isaiah he gave among the Nephites (see 3 Nephi 21:9-11)." (Joseph Fielding McConkie and Robert L. Millet, Doctrinal Commentary on the Book of Mormon, 4 vols, 1: 157)

{Hearken, O ye house of Israel, ... all ye that are <u>broken off</u>, that are <u>scattered</u> abroad, who are of my people....}<u>Listen, O isles</u>, ...

*Isles* may mean any place not accessible to Israel by land. **Nephi:** "we are upon an isle of the sea" (2 Ne 10:20)

The LORD hath called me from the womb; ... and made me a <u>polished shaft;</u>  $\dots^{3}$  And said unto me, Thou *art* my servant. ...

**Joseph:** "'I am like a huge, rough stone rolling down from a high mountain; and the only polishing I get is when some corner gets rubbed off by coming in contact with something else, striking with accelerated force against religious bigotry, priestcraft, lawyer-craft, doctor-craft, lying editors, suborned judges and jurors, and the authority of perjured executives, backed by mobs, blasphemers, licentious and corrupt men and women—all hell knocking off a corner here and a corner there. Thus I will become a smooth and polished shaft in the quiver of the Almighty, who will give me dominion over all and every one of them, when their refuge of lies shall fail, and their hiding place shall be destroyed, while these smooth-polished stones with which I come in contact become marred.' (*TPJS*, p. 304.)

"The arrow shaft is polished that it might fly truer and faster, and the shaft that is polished is generally reserved for one's most important shot. The last dispensation, when all things are gathered in one, is the Lord's most important 'shot,' so he saved his 'polished shaft' for this latter-day work. Joseph was called to give this generation the word of God (see D&C 5:10), which recalls also the sharp sword analogy mentioned in verse 2." (*"Great Are the Words of Isaiah,"* pp. 176–77.)

<sup>6</sup><he says: "It is too small a thing for you to be my servant to restore the tribes of Jacob and bring back those of Israel I have kept. I will also make you a light for the Gentiles, that you may bring my salvation to the ends of the earth." ...

"Therefore, blessed are ye if ye continue in my goodness, a light unto the Gentiles, and through this priesthood, a savior unto my people Israel. The Lord hath said it" (D&C 86:11).

## Light to gentiles $\rightarrow$ Jesus, priesthood, Zion

<sup>14</sup> Zion {hath} said, <u>The LORD hath forsaken me</u>, ... {—but ... he hath not.} <sup>15</sup> {For} <u>can a woman forget her sucking child</u>, that she should not have compassion on the son of her womb? yea, they may forget, yet will I not forget thee {O ... Israel}. <sup>16</sup> Behold, <u>I</u> have graven thee upon the palms of *my* hands; ...

JESUS (American Sign Language) Hold both open and slightly curved hands to the front with palms facing. Touch the left palm with the right middle finger; then touch the right palm with the left middle finger.

Memory aid: Indicates the nail scars caused



#### GENTILES SHALL ASSIST RETURNING ISRAEL

<sup>22</sup> Thus saith the Lord GOD,

by crucifixion.

Behold, I will lift up mine hand to the Gentiles, and set up my standard to the people:

and <u>they shall bring thy sons in *their* arms</u>, and thy daughters shall be carried upon *their* shoulders.

<sup>23</sup> And kings shall be thy <foster> fathers, and their queens thy nursing mothers: ...

SOED *nursing* adj.1. That nurses or tends like a nurse, as ... foster-father, foster-mother

God will ... do a marvelous work among the Gentiles ... wherefore, it is likened unto their <u>being nourished</u> by the Gentiles and being carried in their arms and upon their shoulders. (1 Ne 22:8)

Temporal and spiritual nourishment

US and European nations have helped the state of Israel

after all the house of Israel have been scattered ..., the Lord God will raise up a mighty nation among the Gentiles, ...<sup>8</sup> the Lord God will proceed to do a marvelous work among the Gentiles, which shall be of great worth unto our seed; wherefore, it is likened unto their <u>being nourished</u> by the Gentiles and being carried in their arms and upon their shoulders. <sup>9</sup> And it shall also be of worth unto the Gentiles; and ... unto all the house of Israel, unto the making known of the covenants of the Father of heaven unto Abraham, saying: In thy seed shall all the kindreds of the earth be blessed. (1 Ne 22:7–9)

<sup>25</sup> But thus saith the LORD, ... {the Mighty God shall deliver his covenant people. For thus saith the Lord: } I will contend with him that contendeth with thee, and I will save thy children. <sup>26</sup> And I will feed them that oppress thee with their own flesh; and they shall be drunken with their own blood, as with sweet wine: and all flesh shall know that I the LORD *am* thy Saviour and thy Redeemer, the mighty One of Jacob.

**18.** Nephi's comments on Isaiah 48 and 49 (1 Ne 19, 22) I speak unto all the house of Israel. ...<sup>23</sup> that I might more fully persuade them to believe in the Lord their Redeemer I did read unto them that which was written by the prophet Isaiah. ...<sup>24</sup> Liken them unto yourselves, that ye may have hope as well as your brethren from whom ye have been broken off; for after this manner has the prophet written. (1 Ne 19:19–24)

<sup>3</sup>The things of which I have read are things pertaining to things both temporal and spiritual; for ... the house of Israel ... will be scattered ... among all nations. ...<sup>11</sup> The Lord God will ... make bare his arm in the eyes of all the nations, in bringing about his covenants and his gospel unto those who are of the house of Israel.<sup>12</sup> Wherefore, he will bring them again out of captivity, and they shall be gathered together to the lands of their inheritance; ... and they shall know that the Lord is their Savior and their Redeemer, the Mighty One of Israel. <sup>13</sup> And ... that great and abominable church ... shall war among themselves. ...<sup>14</sup> And every nation which shall war against thee, O house of Israel, shall be turned one against another, and they shall fall into the pit which they digged to ensnare the people of the Lord. And all that fight against Zion shall be destroyed, ... <sup>16</sup> For the time soon cometh that the fulness of the wrath of God shall be poured out upon all the children of men; for he will not suffer that the wicked shall destroy the righteous.<sup>17</sup> Wherefore, <u>he will preserve the</u> righteous by his power ... even unto the destruction of their enemies by fire. Wherefore, the righteous need not fear; for thus saith the prophet, they shall be saved. (1 Ne 22:3, 11–17)

# **Conclusion**

After reading paragraph #2 of Nephi's comments Read quote #1 (Joseph)

"Go ye forth of Babylon" (Isa 48:20) Read quote #4 (Maxwell)

May we follow the prophets that we may be worthy of the Lord's promised protections in these later days.

#### Quotes

**1. Joseph**: We know not what we shall be called to pass through before Zion is delivered and established; therefore, we have great need to live near to God, and always to be in strict obedience to all His commandments, that we may have a conscience void of offense toward God and man. (HC 1:450)

**2. Joseph:** I am like a huge, rough stone rolling down from a high mountain; and the only <u>polishing</u> I get is when some corner gets rubbed off by coming in contact with something else, striking with accelerated force against religious bigotry, priestcraft, lawyer-craft, doctor-craft, lying editors, suborned judges and jurors, and the authority of perjured executives, backed by mobs, blasphemers, licentious and corrupt men and women—all hell knocking off a corner here and a corner there. Thus I will become a smooth and polished shaft in the quiver of the Almighty, who will give me dominion over all and every one of them, when their refuge of lies shall fail, and their hiding place shall be destroyed, while these smooth-polished stones with which I come in contact become marred. (*TPJS*, p. 304.)

**3. Neal A. Maxwell**: The Lord has said, 'I have chosen thee in the furnace of affliction.' (Isa 48:10; 1 Ne 20:10.) He knows, being omniscient, how we will cope with affliction beforehand. But we do not know this. We need, therefore, the refining that God gives to us, though we do not seek or crave such tribulation. (*All These Things Shall Give Thee Experience*, 38)

**4. Neal A. Maxwell**: Here we are in Eden, an Eden become Babylon! Perhaps we have grown too accustomed to the place. Even if we decide to leave Babylon, some of us endeavor to keep a second residence there, or we commute on weekends. To quote President Marion G. Romney, some go on 'trying to serve the Lord without offending the devil.' (*A Wonderful Flood of Light*, 47-8)

**5. Neal A. Maxwell**: Our capacity as Church members to love and to forgive will be freshly and severely tested as battered and bruised souls come into the Church in ever-larger numbers. Some come in from the cold shivering. Others are breathless, having caught what was for them the last train out of Babylon. Their own continued process of repentance will be much aided if they see, all about them, more regular emphasis in the lives of the rest of us on faith unto repentance. (*Not My Will, But Thine*, 74)

**6. Neal A. Maxwell:** Why do some of our youth risk engaging in ritual prodigalism, intending to spend a season rebelling and acting out in Babylon and succumbing to that devilishly democratic "everybody does it"? Crowds cannot make right what God has declared to be wrong. Though planning to return later, many such stragglers find that alcohol, drugs, and pornography will not let go easily. Babylon does not give exit permits gladly. It is an ironic implementation of that ancient boast: "One soul shall not be lost." (Moses 4:1.) (*Ensign*, November 1988, 33)

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- P-PP= D. W. Parry, Poetic Parallelisms in the Book of Mormon
- *S&S* = Donald W. Parry and Jay A. Parry, *Symbols & Shadows*
- C&NC = Elder Holland, Christ and the New Covenant
- OT-I = Old Testament Institute manual
- TInst = <u>http://www.templeinstitute.org</u>
- KJV King James Version of the Bible.
- NJPS = New Jewish Publication Society translation of the Bible
- NIV = New International Version of the Bible
- TPJS = Teachings of the Prophet Joseph Smith
- *SOED* = Shorter Oxford English Dictionary
- OED = Oxford English Dictionary
- EJ = Encyclopedia Judaica
- *SOSL* = Trumbull, *Studies in Oriental Social Life*.
- BDB = Brown, Driver, Briggs Hebrew and English Lexicon
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## 19. Helpful

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